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	10/081,819	02/22/2002	Edward O. Clapper	ITL.0694US (P13225)	3076
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	1616 S. VOSS ROAD, SUITE 750 HOUSTON, TX 77057-2631	ANWAH		ANWAH, OLISA	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
		10/081,819	CLAPPER, EDWARD O.			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		Olisa Anwah	2614			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet	vith the correspondence address			
A SHOWHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DANSIONS of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailling date of this communication. Poeriod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, eply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUN 6(a). In no event, however, may rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MO cause the application to become	ICATION. The reply be timely filed ONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
2a)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 14 June 2007 . This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final. Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Dispositi	on of Claims					
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 1-54 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) 1-8,10-12,15-22,24,3 Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 9, 13, 14, 23, 25-30 and 38-48 is/are r Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	<u>1-37 <i>and</i> 49-54</u> is/are w rejected.	thdrawn from consideration.			
Applicati	on Papers					
10)	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Example 1.	epted or b) objected to drawing(s) be held in abey- ion is required if the drawir	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority L	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
2) Notice 3) Information	t(s) te of References Cited (PTO-892) te of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) thation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) tr No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No	Summary (PTO-413) o(s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application 			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 9, 13, 14, 23, 25-28, 39, 41-43 and 44-48 is rejected under 35 U.S.C § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Windsor et al, U.S. Patent No. 5,734,706 (hereinafter Windsor) combined with Suzuki, U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2001/0027098 (hereinafter Suzuki).

Regarding claim 9, Windsor discloses a system comprising:

a first personal-use device that is separate from a telephone and a second personal-use device, the first personal-use device including a first interface to connect said first personal-use device to a telephone line and including a second interface to connect said first personal-use device to the second personal-use device, the first personal-use device (see Figure 1) having:

a processor;

a storage coupled to said processor to store a first database with a plurality of records, each containing a telephone number, a name, and other information; and

an application stored in said storage to enable said processor to, in response to the detection of an incoming call to said telephone (see When an incoming call is detected from column 3), automatically access the telephone number of a second party to an ongoing telephone call (see a signal is sent to the computing system from column 3), automatically search the first database for a record containing said telephone number (see The call information in the formatted signal is used as an index to a relational database from column 3), and automatically display (see Information in the database is then displayed on a display unit from column 3) a name, telephone number, and other information associated with said record on the first personaluse device, and in response to a request received on said first personal-use device (see at the click of a mouse from column 11), said processor to automatically display on said first personal-use device a predetermined set of extended associated with said second party (see additional information from column 12).

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Further regarding claim 9, Windsor does not teach the first device is standalone and portable. Nevertheless, Suzuki cover these features (see Figure 1). And so, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Windsor with the standalone and portable device of Suzuki. This modification would have improved the system's flexibility by employing various communication terminals as suggested by Suzuki (see paragraph 0026).

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Regarding claim 13, nowhere does Windsor mention the storage to store a user preference table that indicates a preferred search hierarchy among a plurality of databases. All the same, Suzuki covers this feature (see paragraph 0072). And so, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Windsor with the preference table of Suzuki. This modification would have improved the system's convenience by allowing a search process to be specified in advance as suggested by Suzuki (see paragraph 0072).

Regarding claim 14, see Figure 7C of Windsor.

Regarding claim 23, Windsor discloses a method comprising:

receiving in a device first information about a party called by using a telephone coupled to said device (see <u>a signal</u> is sent to the computing system from column 3);

automatically searching for second information associated with the party in response to receiving said first information (see The call information in the formatted signal is used as an index to a relational database from column 3);

in response to a request (see <u>at the click of a mouse</u> from column 11), automatically obtaining predetermined third information about the party from a personal computer coupled to said device;

providing the third information to the device from the personal computer to display (see <u>basic viewing options</u> from column 11) the information on the device during the telephone call.

Further regarding claim 23, Windsor does not teach the device is standalone, battery-powered and transportable.

Nevertheless, Suzuki cover these features (see Figure 1). And so, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Windsor with the standalone, battery-powered and transportable device of Suzuki. This modification would have improved the system's

flexibility by employing various communication terminals as suggested by Suzuki (see paragraph 0026).

Regarding claim 25, see column 11 of Windsor.

Regarding claim 26, see Figure 7D of Windsor.

Regarding claim 27, see column 11 of Windsor.

Regarding claim 28, see Figure 7C of Windsor.

Regarding claim 39, see column 11 of Windsor.

Regarding claim 41, see Figure 1 of Windsor.

Regarding claim 42, see column 11 of Windsor.

Regarding claim 43, see column 3 of Windsor.

Regarding claim 44, see column 11 of Windsor.

Regarding claim 45, see column 3 of Windsor.

Regarding claim 46, see column 11 of Windsor.

Regarding claim 47, see column 11 of Windsor.

Regarding claim 48, Windsor does not teach the device is battery powered to enable transport of said first personal-use device while said first personal device is in operation. All the same Suzuki shows this feature (see Figure 1). And so, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Windsor with the standalone, battery-powered and transportable device of Suzuki.

This modification would have improved the system's flexibility by employing various communication terminals as suggested by Suzuki (see paragraph 0026).

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3. Claim 38 is rejected under 35 U.S.C § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Windsor combined with Suzuki in view of Brenner et al, U.S. Patent No. 6,206,593 (hereinafter Brenner).

Regarding claim 38, the combination of Windsor and Suzuki does not teach the a printer housed in the first personal-use device. All the same, Brenner covers this feature (see abstract). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to further modify the combination of Windsor and Suzuki with the printer of Brenner. This modification would have improved the system's convenience by allowing for directing printing of the information pertaining to each call as suggested by Windsor (see column 6).

4. Claims 29 and 30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Windsor combined with Suzuki in further view of Szlam et al, U.S. Patent No. 5,675,637 (hereinafter Szlam).

Regarding claim 29, the combination of Windsor and Suzuki does not show enabling a user to define a search path for said device to initiate a search of a plurality of remote sources for the information. All the same, Szlam discloses this limitation (see Figures 2A-J). As a result, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to further modify the combination of Windsor and Suzuki with a method of enabling a user to define a search path for said device to initiate a search of a plurality of remote sources for the information. This modification would have improved the system's convenience by allowing a search process to be specified in advance as suggested by Suzuki (see paragraph 0072).

Regarding claim 30, although Windsor mentions the plurality of remote sources includes a remote service provider (see column 11), the combination of Windsor and Suzuki falls short of showing the plurality of remote sources includes the Internet.

Regardless, Szlam discloses this limitation (see column 2).

Consequently, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to further modify the combination of Windsor and Suzuki with the network of Szlam. This modification would have improved the system's convenience by connecting to information sources that may be

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located in a different part of the country as suggested by Szlam (see column 10).

5. Claim 40 is rejected under 35 U.S.C § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Windsor combined with Suzuki in further view of Whitney, U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2002/0013162 (hereinafter Whitney).

Regarding claim 40, nowhere does the combination of Windsor and Suzuki mention that the first personal use device is wirelessly connectable to the second personal-use device. All the same, Whitney shows this feature (see abstract). For this reason, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to further modify the combination of Windsor and Suzuki with the modem of Whitney. This modification would have improved the system's convenience by providing a lightweight device as suggested by Whitney (see paragraph 0019).

Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments have been considered but are deemed to be most in view of the new grounds of rejection.

Conclusion

7. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Olisa Anwah whose telephone number is 571-272-7533. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday from 8.30 AM to 6 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Fan Tsang can be

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reached on 571-272-7547. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 571-273-8300 for regular communications and 571-273-8300 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 571-272-2600.

Offica Anwah

Olisa Anwah Patent Examiner June 22, 2007

FAN TSANG

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER